



CLASS :9

Subject: HISTORY
Topic:Our Constitution

Date:2 June ,2020
Time Limit: 30 mins

Worksheet No. :5



EXERCISES

Question 1.

What is meant by the term Constitution ?

Answer:

'Constitution' is a comprehensive document containing the set of rules according to which the government of a country runs.

Question 2.

On the basis of which plan was the Constituent Assembly constituted ?

Answer:

On the basis of the proposals of the Freedom Fighters a Constituent Assembly was set up, whose members were to be elected indirectly by the Provincial Legislative Assemblies.

Question 3.

What is known as the 'Objectives Resolution'?

Answer:

'Objective Resolution,' was proposed by Pt. Nehru on December 13, 1946, for highlighting the 'national goals'.

Question 4.

By whom and when was the Objective Resolution proposed and passed ?

Answer:

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru proposed the Resolution and it was passed on January 22, 1947.

Question 5.

Who was appointed as the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Constituent ?

Answer:

Dr. Bhim Rao Ambedkar, was the Chairman of the Constituent Assembly's Drafting Committee. Which was set up on August 29, 1947.

Question 6.

When was the Constitution adopted and passed ? When did it come into force ?

Answer:

The Constitution was adopted and passed by the Constituent Assembly on November 26, 1949. The Constitution as a whole came into force with effect from January 26, 1950.

Question 7.

State the significance of January 26.

Answer:

It was on this date, January 26, in 1929, that the Lahore Session of the Indian National Congress had for the first time given the call for 'Purna Swaraj'. Since then, the day was celebrated as Independence Day up to 1947, but later on, it was designated as the Republic Day.

Question 1.

With reference to the making of Indian Constitution explain the following :

- (a) When and how were the members of the Constituent Assembly elected ?
- (b) How was the membership of the Constituent Assembly reduced as a result of partition of the country?
- (c) How do you say that the Constituent Assembly gave adequate representation to all sections of the Indian Society?

Answer:

(a) The first sitting of the Assembly was held on December 9, 1946, presided by Dr. Sachidanand Sinha. The oldest member Dr. Rajendra Prasad was elected permanent chairman on December 11, 1946. The members were the leading personalities of the day. e.g. Pt. Nehru, Sardar Patel, Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukerjee, Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, J.B. Kriplani, Maulana Azad, K.M. Munshi, Dr. Ambedkar, H.N. Kunzru, Sarojini Naidu, Vijayalaxmi Pandit, Rajagopalachari etc.

(b) The membership of the Assembly of India stood 299 against the original number of 385 members, due to the partition of the country.

(c) The wide ranging membership of the Assembly gave representation to all shades of public opinion, e.g. Muslims and Sikhs, Congress leaders, Anglo-Indians, Indian Christians, Scheduled Castes and Tribes, all in one, got combined representation.

Question 2.

With reference to the Objective Resolution explain the following :

- (a) When was the Resolution passed by the Constituent Assembly ?
- (b) What were the main points of the Objective Resolution?

Answer:

(a) The Resolution was passed by the Constituent Assembly on January 22, 1947.

(b) The Objective Resolution, focussed on the 'national goals' of republic, ideals of democracy, fundamental rights of citizens along with minorities and backward classes.